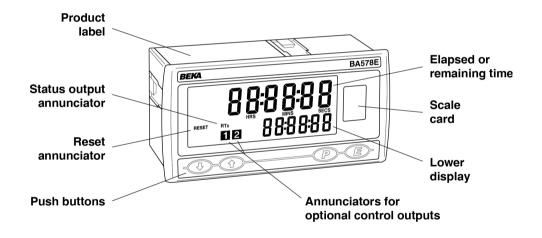
BA578E Two input General purpose Timer or Clock

Issue 5



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1. DESCRIPTION

The BA578E is a general purpose, panel mounting instrument with two inputs that can be configured onsite as a Timer or as a Clock.

As a Timer the BA578E can measure and display the elapsed time between external events, or control external events via the status output or optional control outputs.

When configured as a Clock, the instrument can display time in a variety of formats and the optional control outputs may be configured to turn *on* and *off* at pre-set times.

This instruction manual is divided into three sections.

Common features

- 2. System design
- 3. Installations
- 4. Accessories

Timer

- 5. Operation as a timer
- 6. Configuration example
- 7. Maintenance

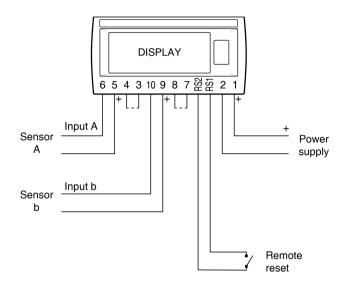
Clock

- 8. Operation as a clock
- 9. Configuration example
- 10. Maintenance

This instruction manual supplements the abbreviated instruction sheet supplied with each instrument.

2. SYSTEM DESIGN

Fig 1 illustrates the basic circuit that is used for all BA578E Timer installations. BA578E Clock installations are the same, except that the two input terminals are not used. For simplicity the status output and the optional control outputs are described separately in sections 2.4 and 2.5 of this manual.



Sensor output	Input A	Input b
Proximity detector Switch Contact Open collector	Link 3 & 4	Link 7 & 8
Voltage pulse Magnetic pick-off	Don't link 3 & 4	Don't link 7 & 8

Fig 1 BA578E connections

2.1 Power supply

The BA578E requires a supply of 10 to 30V dc between terminal 1 & 2 and consumes:

	10mA	without optional backlight
plus	16mA	for optional backlight
plus	6mA	when terminals 3 & 4 are linked
plus	6mA	when terminals 7 & 8 are linked

2.2 Sensor inputs

When configured as a Timer both inputs may be connected to a wide variety of sensors as shown in Fig 1. The two BA578E inputs are not used when the instrument is configured as a Clock.

The following table shows the instrument's input switching thresholds when configured to operate with various sensors. For reliable operation the BA578E input must fall below the lower threshold and rise above the upper threshold.

Samaar	Switching thresholds		
Sensor	Lower	Upper	
Switch	100Ω	1000Ω	
Proximity detector	1.2mA	2.1mA	
Open collector	2kΩ	10kΩ	
Magnetic pick-off	0	40mV peak	
Voltage pulse low	1.0V	3.0V	
Voltage pulse high	3.0V	10.0V	

Switch contacts, proximity detectors and open collector sensors require energising which is achieved by linking two BA578E terminals together for each input, see Fig 5.

2.2.1 Switch contact input

Any switch contact may be directly connected to input terminals 5 & 6 or 9 &10. The BA578E contains a separate configurable debounce circuit for each input to prevent false triggering. Three levels of debounce protection are available See section 5.5.6.

2.2.2 Open collector input

Any sensor with an open collector output such as a opto-isolator may be directly connected to input terminals 5 & 6 and 9 & 10.

2.2.3 2-wire proximity detector input

Most NAMUR 2-wire proximity detectors may be connected to a BA578E input, providing the minimum operating voltage of the proximity detector is less than 7.5V. The BA578E contains a separate configurable debounce circuit for each input to prevent false triggering. Three levels of debounce protection are available See section 5.5.6.

2.2.4 Magnetic pick-off input

E_{B1} L in the input configuration menu is a low level voltage pulse input intended for use with a magnetic pick-off sensor. The BA578E contains a separate configurable debounce circuit for each input to prevent false triggering. Three levels of debounce protection are available See section 5.5.6.

2.2.5 Voltage pulse input

Two voltage pulse input ranges are independently selectable for each input in the BA578E Timer configuration menu, Uall5 L and Uall5 H allowing almost any sensor with a voltage output to be used: The BA578E contains a separate configurable debounce circuit for each input to prevent false triggering. Three levels of debounce protection are available See section 5.5.6.

2.3 Remote reset

Connecting the external reset terminals RS1 and RS2 together will reset the BA578E when configured as a Timer and synchronise the displayed time to a preset time when configured as a Clock.

Note: When used as a Timer the BA578E may also be reset from the display mode by operating the **■** and **■** push buttons simultaneously for more than two seconds. See 5.5.20

2.4 Status output

All BA578E instruments have an opto-isolated open collector output which can be configured to indicate the status of the instrument, or to perform simple control functions. The output has the following electrical parameters:

Ron = $60\Omega + 3V$ Roff = $1M\Omega$ Imax = 10mA

The status output is a passive circuit i.e. un-powered open collector, but it is totally isolated from all other circuits. Terminals P1 and P2 may be connected to another instrument that can accept an open collector input.

Fig 2 shows how the status output may be used to produce a voltage output.. The positive terminal of the status output P1 is connected to the instrument's positive supply terminal 1. When the status open collector output is activated, the voltage on terminal P2 rises to the supply voltage less 3V and a current flows through the resistor R1. This current is defined by R1 which should be chosen to limit the current to less than 10mA. For a 24V supply R1 should be greater than $2,200\Omega.$

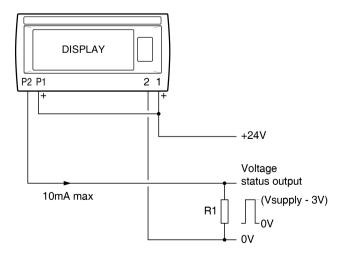


Fig 2 Generating a voltage status output

2.5 Control outputs (optional)

Each of the two factory fitted optional control outputs is a galvanically isolated single pole solid state switch as shown in Fig 3. The outputs are polarised and current will only flow in one direction. Terminals A1 and A3 should be connected to the positive side of the supply.

Note: Because of the series protection diode some test meters may not detect a closed alarm output.

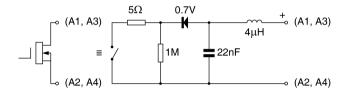


Fig 3 Equivalent circuit of each control output

The solid state output of each control output may be used to switch any dc circuit with parameters of:

V max = 30V I max = 200mA

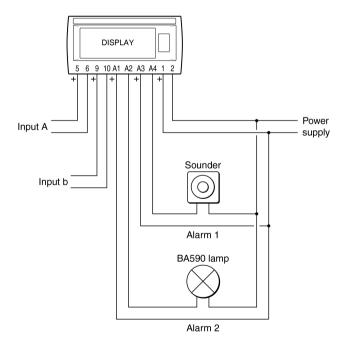


Fig 4 Typical control output application

3. INSTALLATION

3.1 Location

The BA578E has a robust glass reinforced Noryl enclosure with a toughened glass window. The front has IP66 ingress protection and a gasket seals the joint between the instrument enclosure and the panel, the rear of the instrument has IP20 ingress protection.

The BA578E may be installed in any panel providing that the operating temperature is between -40°C and +70°C. At temperatures below -20°C the display digits will change more slowly and the contrast will be reduced, but the instrument will continue to function

Fig 5 shows the overall dimensions of the instrument together with the recommended panel cut-out dimensions. To achieve an IP66 seal between the instrument enclosure and the instrument panel the smaller tolerance aperture must be used, and the instrument must be secured with four panel mounting clamps.

Although the front of the BA578E has IP66 protection it should be shielded from continuous direct sunlight and severe weather conditions.

3.2 EMC

The BA578E complies with the requirements of the European EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and UK Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations UKSI 2016:1091 (as amended). For specified immunity all wiring should be in screened twisted pairs, with the screens earthed at one point.

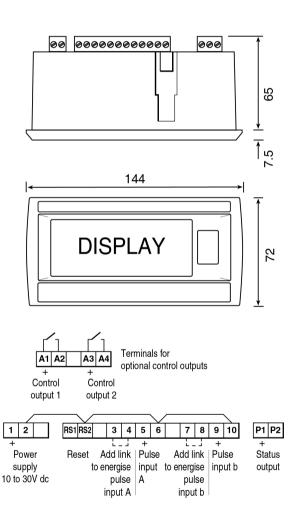
Recommended panel cut-out dimensions for all installations

Mandatory to achieve an IP66 seal between instrument and panel

136 +0.5/-0.0 x 66.2 +0.5/-0.0

DIN 43700 138.0 +1.0/ -0.0 x 68 +0.7 -0.0

Panel cut-out



Support panel wiring to prevent vibration damage

Note: Optional backlight is internally powered

Fig 5 BA578E dimensions & terminals

3.3 Installation Procedure

- a. Cut the specified aperture in the panel. To achieve an IP66 seal between the instrument enclosure and the instrument panel the aperture must have the tighter tolerances specified in Fig 5.
- Slide the gasket over the body of the BA578E before inserting the instrument into the panel aperture.
- c. Firstly ensure that all the panel mounting clamps are closed by turning the knurled screws fully anti clockwise until the two pips in the clamp foot align with holes in the clamp body.
- d. Place a clamp in the recess on each side of the instrument, pulling gently to slide it onto the dovetail as shown in Fig 6. Push the knurled screw slightly forward to engage the thread and tighten by turning clockwise until it is just finger tight. When the clamps are fitted ensure that the gasket behind the front panel bezel is correctly positioned before fully tightening the clamps to secure the instrument. The maximum recommended clamp tightening torque is 22cNm (1.95 lbf in) which is approximately equivalent to finger-tight plus one half turn. Do not over tighten.
- e. Four panel mounting clamps are required to achieve an IP66 seal between a BA578E and the instrument panel.
- f. Connect the panel wiring to the rear terminal block(s) as shown in Fig 5. To simplify installation, the terminals are removable so that the panel wiring can be completed before the instrument is installed. In areas subject to vibration wiring should be secured to prevent damage to the connectors.

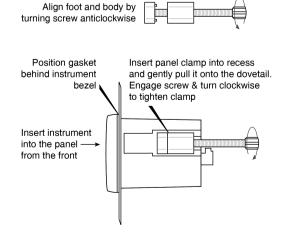


Fig 6 Fitting panel mounting clamps

3.4 Scale card

The BA578E's units of measurement are shown on a printed scale card visible through a window at the right hand side of the display. The scale card is mounted on a flexible strip that is inserted into a slot at the rear of the instrument as shown in Fig 7. Thus the scale card can easily be changed without removing the BA578E from the panel or opening the instrument enclosure.

New instruments are supplied with a printed scale card showing the requested units of measurement, if this information is not supplied when the instrument is ordered a blank card will be fitted.

A pack of self-adhesive scale cards printed with common units of measurement is available as an accessory from BEKA associates. Custom printed scale cards can also be supplied - see 4.3

To change a scale card, unclip the tapered end of the flexible strip at the rear of the instrument by gently pushing it upwards and pulling it out of the enclosure. Peel the existing scale card from the flexible strip and replace it with a new printed card, which should be aligned as shown below. Do not fit a new scale card on top of an existing card.

Install the new scale card by gently pushing the flexible strip into the slot at the rear of the instrument, when it reaches the internal end-stop secure it by pushing the end of the flexible strip downwards so that the tapered section is held by the rear panel.

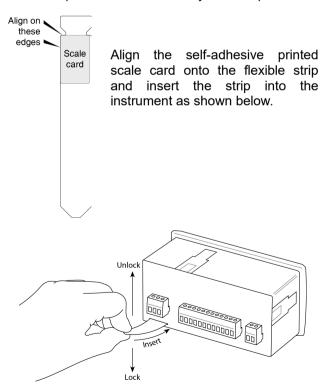


Fig 7 Inserting the flexible strip carrying the scale card into slot at the rear of the instrument.

4. ACCESSORIES

4.1 Display backlight

The BA578E Timer or Clock can be supplied with a factory fitted backlight that produce green illumination enhancing display contrast and enabling it to be read at night or in poor lighting conditions. The backlight is internally powered from the instrument power supply so no additional wiring is required, but the supply current increases as shown below.

BA578E configured as Timer current

BA578E Timer or Clock	10mA
Additional for backlight	16mA
Addition with terminals 3 & 4 linked	l 6mA
Addition with terminals 7 & 8 linked	l 6mA
Total current	38mA max

BA578E configured as Clock current consumption

BA578E Timer or Clock 10mA
Additional for backlight 16mA
Total current 26mA max

4.2 Control outputs

Although the dual isolated control outputs are factory fitted options, they are described in the main body of this instruction manual as they will be used for the majority of applications – see section 2.5. If control outputs are required they should be specified when the instrument is ordered.

4.3 Scale card

The BA578E has a window on the right hand side of the display through which a scale card showing the units of measurement such as hours can be seen. New instruments are fitted with a scale card showing the units of measurement specified when the instrument was ordered, if the units are not specified a blank scale card will be fitted. A pack of scale pre-printed common units cards with measurement is available as an accessory. These can easily be fitted on-site to the BA578E without opening the instrument enclosure or removing it from the panel. See section 3.4 of this instruction manual.

Custom scale cards for applications requiring less common units of measurement are also available.

4.4 Tag informationNew instruments can be supplied with a tag number or application information printed onto the rear panel adjacent to the terminals. This information is not visible from the front of the instrument after installation.

5. OPERATION AS A TIMER

When configured as a Timer the BA578E can measure and display the elapsed time between external events. The Timer can be started and stopped by remote sensors, or from the front panel push buttons.

The addition of optional factory fitted isolated control outputs allows the Timer to control external events such as opening a valve for a predetermined time. Again the Timer can be started and stopped by remote sensors, or from the front panel push buttons. Timed events can be repeated using the LYELE function which enables the BA578E Timer to repeat the timing period up to 99 times, or continuously, with a configurable delay between timed periods of up to 100 hours.

The BA578E may be configured to time-up from zero to the set time 5£££, or to time-down from the set time to zero. Times may be entered and displayed in hours, minutes or in seconds, or in a combination of units. Elapsed or remaining time is continuously displayed and a separate display may be activated to show the target set time 5£££. Throughout the timing cycle the instrument can be paused and restarted without changing the cycle time. Resetting is accomplished via the front panel push buttons or a remote contact.

A grand total time is maintained by the instrument which can be viewed by operating the front panel push buttons and reset from the display mode or from within the configuration menu.

Fig 8 shows a simplified block diagram of the BA578E when configured as a Timer. The two separate inputs A and b can be individually configured to accept inputs from a wide variety of sensors. When the sensor requires energising to detect its state, such as a switch contact, open collector or a two wire proximity detector, a link connected between external terminals of the BA578E supplies power to the sensor input terminals.

The optically isolated open collector status output is intended for monitoring the Timer's status, but may also be used for simple control applications.

The instrument can be supplied with the following factory fitted accessories:

Internally powered Backlight

Dual isolated Control Outputs

The optional factory fitted dual isolated solid state control outputs may be independently configured to be activated in any of the timer's state allowing the BA578E Timer to perform a wide variety of tasks.

5.1 Initialisation

Each time power is applied to a BA578E initialisation is performed. After a short delay the following display sequence occurs:

All segments of the display are activated

BA578E is ready to start functioning using the configuration information stored in the instrument's permanent memory.

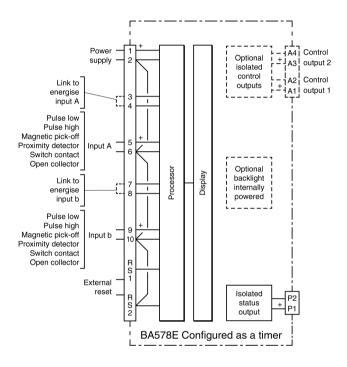


Fig 8 BA578E block diagram with Timer configuration.

Controls when configured as a Timer

The BA578E is controlled and configured via four front panel push buttons. In the display mode i.e. when the instrument is timing the push button functions are:

Push Button Functions

- When local control is enabled starts the Timer. See 5.5.9
- When local control is enables stops the Timer. See 5.5.9
- <u>E</u> + <u></u> Shows the grand total (run time) in hours and tenths of an hour irrespective of Timer configuration. If buttons are held for longer than ten seconds the grand total may be reset to zero if the grand total reset sub-function [Lr [Lot is enabled in the LoC r5Et configuration function. See 5.5.21

To reset the grand total to zero from the display mode press the +
buttons for ten seconds until [Lr. no is displayed. Using the 💌 or button change the display to [Lr. YE5 and press E.

- **+** Resets the Timer to zero or to the set time 5EŁ Ł depending on whether the Timer is configured to time-up or time-down when the two buttons are operated simultaneously for more than three seconds. This is a configurable function. See 5.5.20
- P + 🛋 When enabled in the configuration menu, operating these two buttons simultaneously provides direct access from the display mode to the set time 5ELL and, if the repeat timing cycle is enabled, to the restart delay -5Ł dELA See 6.5.16
- **P** + **T** Shows firmware version
- P + EAccesses the configuration menu

5.3 Displays when configured as a Timer

The BA578E has two digital displays and associated annunciators as shown on front cover of this manual.

Elapsed time

The upper display shows the elapsed time since the Timer was started when timing-up from zero and the remaining time when timing-down from the set time. Display may be formatted as hh:mm:ss: hh:mm: mm:ss or 22

Lower display

The display options available on the lower display depend on whether the Timer repeat cycle function [YELE5, which can repeat the timing period up to 99 times with a configurable delay between periods, is enabled.

CYCLES disabled

The lower display shows the set time 5Et t or the lower display may be disabled if not required. See 5.5.8

CYCLES enabled

The lower display shows the total number of repeat cycles requested together with the number of the current cycle. Each operation may be briefly named at it's start or periodically throughout the cycle.

Alternatively the lower display may be disabled if not required. See 5.5.8

Reset annunciator

Activated while elapsed time is being reset to zero or to the set time 5Et t.

Status output annunciator

RTx shown while status output is activated.

Grand total annunciator

Activated when the grand total time is being shown on the upper display.

annunciators

Control output Show status of both optional control outputs.

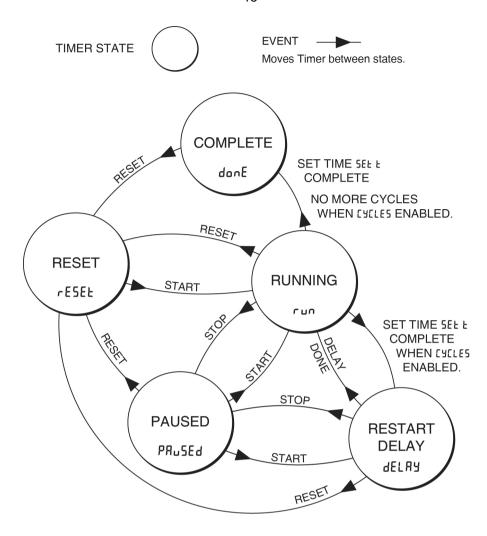


Fig 9 Timer structure showing states and events

5.4 Timer structure

Fig 9 illustrates the Timer structure and function as a state diagram. It applies when the instrument is measuring the time between events or is controlling external events.

The circles in Fig 9 represent the five Timer states, Reset, Running, Restart-delay, Paused and Complete. The lines between the circles represent the event required to move the Timer between states. e.g. to initiate timing the Timer is moved from the Reset state to the Running state by a start event. This could be an input signal at input A or operation of the Dutton. Similarly, to pause the Timer while it is timing, the Timer must be moved from the Running state to the Pause state by a stop event which could be an input on input b or operation of the Dutton.

Reset

In this state the Timer is readied for operation. The Timer is stopped and loaded with zero for timing-up or 5EŁ Ł for timing-down.

Running

Entered by a start event from the Reset or Paused states. The Timer times-up to 5EŁŁ or times-down to zero depending upon it's configuration.

Pause

Entered by a stop event from *Running* or *Restart-delay*. Timer is stopped, a start event returns the timer to it's previous state.

Restart-delay

Entered automatically from *Running*. At the end of the delay time automatically returns to *Running*.

Complete

Entered automatically from *Running* when there are no more timing cycles to perform.

When the [Y[LE5] function is enabled the timing cycle can be specified to repeat up to 99 times, or can be configured to repeat continuously.

5.5 Configuration as a Timer

The BA578E is configured via the four front panel push buttons. All the configuration functions are contained in an easy to use intuitive menu that is shown diagrammatically in Fig 10.

Each menu function is summarised in section 5.5.2 of this manual and each summary includes a reference to more detailed information.

All new BA578E instruments are supplied configured as requested at the time of ordering. If configuration is not requested, the BA578E will be supplied with default Timer configuration as shown below, but the instrument can easily be re-configured on-site.

Function	Display	Default
Access code	CodE	0000
Function	Fun[tion	ELAPSE
Input A	, որսէ-Զ	oP.CoL
Input b	, ոքսէ-ե	oP.CoL
Debounce (each input)	dEbounCE	dEFRult
Display 2	di 5P-2	259
Start stop	StRrStoP	Lo[AL
Units	un: £5	15:00:00
Set time	5EŁ Ł	00:00:00
Enable repeat cycle	CACFE2	oFF
Access set time from	ACSEF F	oFF
display mode.		
Direction of count	uP or dn	d٥
Recovery from power supply failure.	P-FR, L	, dLE
Local total reset	£-rE5EŁ	٥٥
Local grand total reset	GŁ-rESEŁ	oFF
External reset	E-rSEŁ	254
Enable status output	EnbL	oFF
Enable control output 1	EnbL	oFF
Enable control output 2	EnbL	oFF

5.5.1 Accessing configuration functions

Throughout this manual front panel push buttons are shown as , A, P and E. Legends displayed by the instrument are shown in a seven segment font just as they appear on the instrument e.g. , nPut-R and [Lr [[tat.]]]

Access to the configuration menu is obtained by operating the P and (E) push simultaneously. If the instrument is not protected by an access security code the first parameter FunEtian will be displayed. If a security code other than the default code 0000 has already been entered, the instrument will display LodE. Press P to clear this prompt and enter the security code for the instrument using the lacktriangle or lacktriangle push button to adjust the flashing digit and the P push button to transfer control to the next digit. If the correct code has been entered pressing **E** will cause the first parameter FunEti on to be displayed. If an incorrect code is entered, or a push button is not operated within ten seconds, the instrument will automatically return to the display mode.

All configuration functions and prompts are shown on the upper eight digit display.

Once within the main configuration menu the required parameter can be selected by scrolling through the menu using the \bigcirc or \bigcirc push buttons. The Timer configuration menu is shown diagrammatically in Fig 10.

When returning to the display mode following reconfiguration, the Timer will display dRLR followed by SRUE while the new information is stored in permanent memory.

5.5.2 Summary of Timer configuration functions

This section summarises all the Timer configuration functions. When read in conjunction with Fig 10 it provides a quick aid for configuring the Timer. If more detail is required, each section of this summary contains a reference to a full description of the function.

Display Summary of function

Fun[t] on Instrument function

Defines the function of the instrument. May be set to:

ELRPSE Timer configuration
Clock configuration

All the entries in this Timer summary assume that the BA578E is configured as a Timer by selecting ELRPSE.

See section 5.5.3

החף האב-R Configuration of Input A

Contains a sub-menu with two sub-functions:

Selects input sensor type dEbounce Defines input debounce See section 5.5.4

, nP.LYPE

Configures the Timer sensor Input A to accept one of six types of input:

Uolle Le S L Voltage pulse <1 >3V
Uolle S H Voltage pulse <3 >10V
Eor L Magnetic pick-off
Prode Proximity detector *
Switch contact *
Open collector *

* Energise input by linking terminals 3 & 4 for Input A.

See section 5.5.5

dEbounCE

Defines the level of input debounce applied to the input A to prevent false counting:

dEFRULE HERUY L, GHE

See section 5.5.6

Display Summary of function

ւ որսե b Configuration of input-b

As configuration of InPut R

* Energise input by linking terminals terminals 7 & 8 for Input b.

See section 5.5.7

d, 5P-2 Lower display

Configures the lower display to show set time 5ELL or, when the EYELE5 repeat function is activated, the restart delay count-down plus the cycle count number.

With [YCLE5 not enabled:

Select 5Ed	Lower display shows Set time 5EE E
off See section	Disables lower display. 5.5.8

With EYELES enabled:

Select	Lower display shows
5£ d	Cycle counts requested
	and counts performed
	with time-down shown
	during requested delay
	period. Brief notification
	of timer status i.e. [Y[LE
	or dELRY at start of each
	period.
LAPET	Exactly as 5Ed but with periodic notification of timer status i.e. [YELE or dELRY.
oFF	Disables lower display.
See section	

5ERr 5EoP Starting and stopping the timer

Defines how the Timer is started and stopped.

	Start	Stop
Control 1	A input high	b input high
Control 2	A input low	b input low
[ontrol 3	A input high	A input low
Control 4	A input low	A input high
LoCAL	button	button

High and low inputs are specified for a voltage input. For other types of sensor input, see section 5.5.9

Display Summary of function Display Summary of function uni ES Units of display uP or do Direction of count Enables the format of the displayed Defines whether the Timer times-up time to be selected. from zero to the set time 5EŁ Ł, or times-down from 5EL L to zero. 12:00:00 Hours, minutes & seconds See section 5.5.17 12:00 Hours & minutes 30:00 Minutes & seconds P-FR. I 30 Seconds **Power Failure** Defines how the Timer functions when Excludes delay of optional control power is restored after a power failure. outputs which is always shown in Contains three alternative options seconds and the grand total which is , dLE. PRuSE and ContinuE. always shown in hours. See section 5.5.10 Idle dlE Timer returns in stopped state as if having completed single timing cycle displaying Timer value when power was lost. Timing resumes when reset SEL L Set time This is the BA578E Timer's setpoint. followed by start instructions are When controlling an external event via received. the optional control outputs the BA578E will time-down from the set time to zero or time-up from zero to the Pause PRu5E Timer returns in paused state set time. displaying Timer value when power was lost. Timing resumes when start Note: Timer will only start if a non zero value is entered for set time 5EL L. instruction is received. See section 5.5.11 Continue ContinuE EYELES. Timer will continue without any manual Repeat timing cycle intervention. Contains a sub-menu with three sub-See section 5.5.18 functions, Enbl., [YEL Ent and r5E dELR. See section 5.5.12 LoC rSEt Local reset Contains two sub-functions which when Cycle function enable Enbl enabled allow the Timer and the grand Enables or disables the cycles function total, which represents total Timer runwithout changing the parameters. time, to be reset to zero via the front See section 5.5.13 panel push buttons while the Timer is in Cycle count [YEL Ent the display mode. Defines the number of times that the See section 5.5.19 timer cycle is repeated. Local total reset r5EŁ.EnbL See section 5.5.14 When an is selected, Timer is reset to zero, or 5EŁ Ł if timing-down, when the Restart delay -5Ł dELA ■ and buttons are operated Defines the time delay between timer simultaneously for more than three cycles. seconds in the display mode. See section 5.5.15 See section 5.5.20 Local grand total reset [Lr [Lot ACSEF F Access 5EŁ Ł from display mode When on is selected the grand total, Contains two sub-functions, EnbL which which represents total run-time, may be when activated allows the set time reset to zero by operating the 5Et t and restart delay -5t dELA to be and **\(\rightarrow\)** buttons simultaneously for adjusted from the display mode. The

second sub-function REEd defines a separate access code to protect

access to 5EŁ Ł from the display mode.

See section 5.5.16

more than 10 seconds in the display

mode.

See section 5.5.21

Display	Summary of function	Display	Summary of function
E-r5Eb	External reset Defines the time taken for closure of external contacts connected to terminals RS1 & RS2 to reset the Timer. 5td 1s FR5t 2ms See section 5.5.22		Control output 1 on P! an Control output 1 turns on when the Timer enters the state selected in this function. Output phase can be reversed. See section 5.5.30 Control output 1 off P! aFF
SERE OP	Status output Contains sub-menu with four sub- functions, EnbL, 5ERE an, 5ERE aFF and 5ERE dELR Note: Output is an open colletor. See section 5.5.23 Status output enable EnbL Enables or disables the status output without changing any of the parameters. See section 5.5.24		Control output 1 off off when the Timer enters the state selected in this function. Output phase can be reversed. See section 5.5.31 Control output on delay off dELR Introduces a specified delay between the on condition occurring and control output 1 closing. See section 5.5.32
	Status output on Status output turns on when the Timer enters the state selected in this function. Output phase can be reversed. See section 5.5.25 Status output off Status output turns off when the Timer enters the state selected in this function. Output phase can be reversed. See section 5.5.26 Status on delay Status of delay between	oP2 CLr Gtot	Control output 2 (Optional) aP2 Functions as control output 1. See section 5.5.28 to 5.5.32 Resets grand total to zero This function resets the grand total, which represents the total Timer runtime, from within the configuration menu when £Lr YE5 is selected and 5urE is entered to confirm the instruction. Note: Once reset, the grand total can not be recovered. See section 5.5.34
oP (the on condition occurring and the status output being activated. See section 5.5.27 Control output 1 (Optional) Contains sub-menu with four subfunctions, Enbl., op! on, op! off and op! delf. See section 5.5.28 Control output enable Enbl Enables or disables control output 1 without changing the parameters. See section 5.5.29	CodE rSEŁ dEF	Security code Defines a four digit alphanumeric code that must be entered to gain access to the instrument's configuration menu. Default code @@@@disables the security function and allows unrestricted access to all configuration functions when the pand puttons are operated simultaneously in the display mode. See section 5.5.35 Reset to factory defaults Resets the BA578E to the Timer factory default configuration shown in section 5.4 Instruction confirmed by entering 5ur E. See section 5.5.36

5.5.3 Instrument function: Fun[Li an

The BA578E may be configured as a Timer or as a Clock. This section of the instruction manual describes the Timer, for details of Clock configuration see section 8.

To reveal the existing function of the instrument select Fun[Li on from the configuration menu and press P. If ELRPSE is displayed, the instrument is already configured as a Timer therefore press **E** to return to the Function prompt in the configuration menu. If [Lo[is displayed, press the ▲ or ▼ button to change the setting to ELAPSE followed by the P button which will result in a DDDD prompt being displayed with the first digit flashing. This is a request for the instruction to be confirmed by entering 5ur E using the T or button to adjust the flashing digit and the P button to move control to When Sur E has been entered, the next digit. pressing **E** will change the instrument to a Timer and return the instrument to the display mode. To configure the Timer enter the configuration menu by pressing the P and E buttons simultaneously until FunEt, on is displayed.

5.5.4 Input A: , ոPսŁ-Я

The InPut-R function contains two sub-functions InPut-R functions the type of sensor that may be connected to the input and dEbountE which adjust the amount of input noise rejection.

5.5.5 Input type: InP.EYPE

which defines the type of input sensor that may be connected to input A. To check or change the type of input, select proble-R in the configuration menu and press proble-which will reveal the proble-bype prompt, pressing problem again will show the existing input. If set as required press twice to return to the configuration menu, or repeatedly press the or button until the required type of input is displayed, then press twice to return to the configuration menu.

One of following six types of input may be selected:

Display	Input type	Switching thresholds	
		Low	High
oP[oL	Open collector ²	2	10kΩ
UoLES L	Voltage pulse low1	1	3V
UoLES H	Voltage pulse high1	3	10V
Co. L	Magnetic pick-off	0	40mV
Pr.dEŁ	Proximity detector ²	1.2	2.1mA
ContRCt	Switch contact ²	100	1000Ω

Notes:

- 1. Maximum voltage input +30V.
- For sensors connected to input A that require energising i.e. a proximity detector, a switch contact or an open collector, terminals 3 & 4 of the BA578E Timer should be linked together.
- 3. To function correctly, the input signal must fall below the lower switching threshold and rise above the higher switching threshold.

5.5.6 Debounce: dEbounCE

dEbountE is an adjustable sub-menu in the nPut-R function which prevents the Timer misfunctioning when the input has noisy edges, such as those resulting from a mechanical contact closing and bouncing. Three levels of protection may be selected and the amount of debounce applied depends upon the type of Timer input that has been selected in the nP.EYPE function.

The following table shows the minimum time that the input signal must be continuously above the upper input switching threshold and continuously below the lower switching threshold to ensure that the Timer processes the input signal. Input switching thresholds are shown in section 5.5.5.

De-bounce	Min input pulse width		
level	Type of Input		
	Contact	All others	
dEFRult	1600µs	40µs	
неяич	3200µs	350µs	
L, GHE	400µs 5µs		

5.5.7 Input b: ¬¬РыЕ-Ь

The $i_nP_uE - b$ function and sub-functions are identical to the $i_nP_uE - R$ function & sub-functions described in sections 5.5.4, 5.5.5 and 5.5.6.

Notes:

- 1. Maximum voltage input +30V.
- For sensors connected to input b that require energising i.e. a proximity detector, a switch contact or an open collector, terminals 7 & 8 of the BA578E Timer should be linked together.
- 3. To function correctly, the input signal must fall below the lower switching threshold and rise above the higher switching threshold.

5.5.8 Lower display: ம் 5Р-2

The configuration options for the lower display vary depending upon whether the repeat timer function LYELES is enabled.

[YCLE5 disabled

When the lower display is enabled it shows the set time $5EE\ E$

EYELES enabled

When the lower display is enabled it shows the total number of repeat cycles requested together with the number of cycles performed. During the delay time between cycles the display shows the time until the next cycle starts.

Menu options allow each part of the cycle to be briefly identified at the start of each part, or periodically throughout the cycle.

To check or change the configuration of the lower display select do 5P-2 from the configuration menu and press P which will reveal the existing setting which can be changed by pressing the or button followed by the button to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu.

If the [YCLE5 function is not enabled the following two options are available:

Std Lower display shows the Timer's set time 5Et t, to which the BA578E will time-up to, or time-down from, depending upon the direction of count selected in the up or do function.

oFF Lower display disabled.

If the <code>EYELES</code> function is enabled the following three options are available:

Lower display shows the number of cycles requested together with the current cycle number. During the configurable delay period between cycles the display timesdown from the requested delay to zero. A brief notification of timer status i.e. <code>EYELE</code> or <code>delay</code> is shown at the start of each period.



Current cycle number.

Number of cycles requested, not shown when cycle is continuously repeated.

LABEL Exactly the same as 5Ed, but timer status i.e. [YELE or dELRY is shown periodically.

•FF Lower display disabled.

5.5.9 Starting & stopping the Timer: 5tAr5toP

The Timer may be started and stopped by signals on Input A and Input b, or by operation of the front panel

or ▼ push buttons.

To check or change the control of the Timer, select 5 & Rr 5 & oP from the configuration menu and press P which will reveal the existing setting which can be changed by pressing the or button followed by the button to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu. The options available are shown in the following tables.

Voltage inputs and control from front panel **Display** Start Stop b input high Control 1 A input high b input low Control 2 A input low Control 3 A input high A input low Control 4 A input low A input high LoCAL **button ▲** button

Contact and open collector inputs			
Display	Start	Stop	
Control 1	A open	b open	
Control 2	A closed	b closed	
[ontrol 3	A open	A closed	
Control 4	A closed	A open	

Proximity detector input Display Start Stop Lontrol | A low current | b low current Lontrol | A high current | b high current Lontrol | A low current | A high current

A low current

5.5.10 Units of display: uni £5

Control 4

Defines the format of all displayed times, except the delay time of the status output and optional control outputs which are always shown in seconds and the grand total which is always shown in hours and tenths of an hour.

A high current

To check or change the units of display, select unit £5 from the configuration menu and press which will reveal the existing setting which can be changed by pressing the or button followed by the button to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu. The options available are shown in the following tables:

Display

Hours, minutes & seconds
Hours & minutes*
Hours & seconds
Minutes & seconds
Seconds

* Only available when time specified in seconds for 5EL L and r5t dELR are zero or exactly divisible by 60

The Timer's maximum elapsed time in any format is equivalent to 99hours, 59 minutes & 59 seconds.

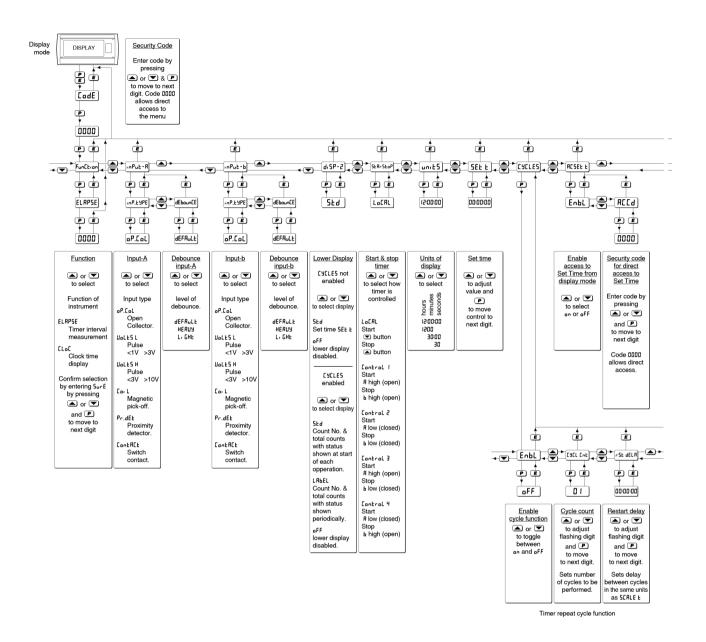
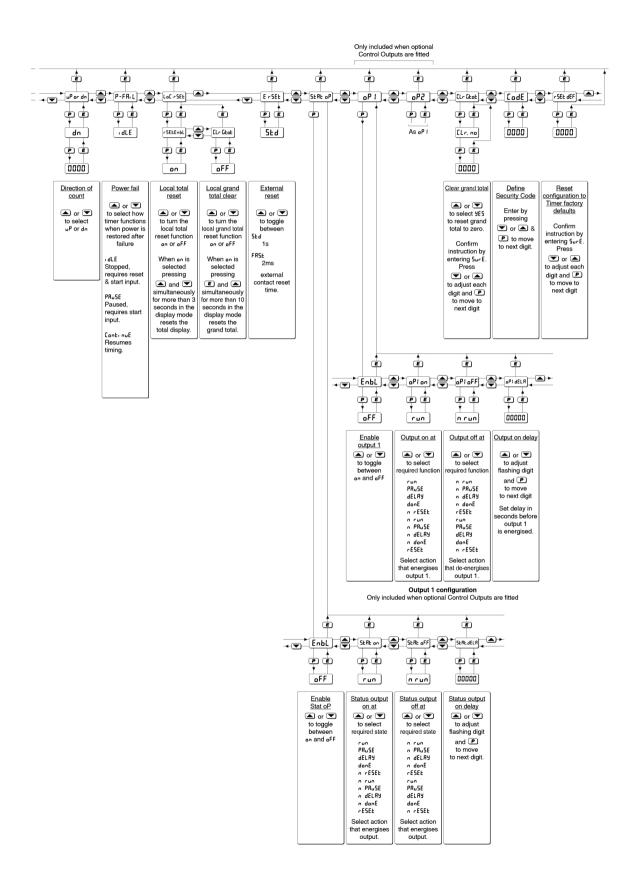


Fig 10 Timer Configuration menu



5.5.11 Set time: 5EL L

Set time is the Timer's setpoint. When controlling an external event via the optional control outputs the BA578E will time-down from the set time to zero or time-up from zero to the set time.

To check or change the set time, select 5££ £ from the configuration menu and press which will reveal the existing setting displayed in the units defined by the unit5 function with the most significant digit flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted by pressing the or button followed by the button to transfer control to the next digit. When set as required, enter the selection and return to the 5££ £ prompt in the configuration menu by operating the button.

Can also be adjusted from Timer display mode, see 5.5.16.

Note: If 5EŁ L is zero the Timer will not function when an external start input is received or the button is operated.

5.5.12 Repeat timing cycle: [Y[LE5

This a powerful function which allows the BA578E timing cycle to be repeated up to 99 times or continuously with a configurable delay between cycles of up to 99hours, 59 minutes & 59 seconds.

To check or adjust the repeat timing cycle, select <code>LYELE5</code> from the configuration menu and press which will enter a sub-menu containing three sub-functions, <code>Enbl</code>, <code>LYELEnb</code> and <code>r5b</code> dELR which are described in the following sections.

5.5.13 Cycle function enable: Enbl.

This sub-function allows the repeat timing cycle to be enabled or disabled without altering any of the repeat timing cycle parameters. To check or change the function select <code>Enbl</code> from the repeat timing cycle sub-menu <code>LYCLE5</code> and press <code>P</code> which will reveal if the repeat cycle function is <code>an</code> or <code>aff</code>. The setting can be changed by pressing the <code>T</code> or <code>A</code> button followed by the <code>E</code> button to return to the repeat timing cycle sub-menu.

5.5.14 Cycle count: [YEL Ent

This sub-function defines the number of times the timer cycle is repeated. It may be set to any number between 1 and 99, or to 00 for continuous repetition. To check or change the function select [Y[L [n]] from the repeat timing cycle sub-menu [Y[LE5] and press P which will reveal the number of times the timer cycle is to be repeated with the most significant flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted by pressing the or button followed by the p button to transfer control to the next digit.

When set as required, enter the selection and return to the [YEL Ent prompt in the sub-menu by operating the

button.

5.5.15 Restart delay: r5t dELR

This sub-function defines the time delay between repeat timing periods. It is shown in the format selected in the units function and may be set to any time between zero and the maximum time allowed in the selected format.

Time format selected in un; £5	Maximum delay
12:00:00	99:59:59
12:00	99:59
30:00	5999 : 59
30	359999

To check or change the restart delay time select r5½ dELR from the repeat timing cycle sub-menu £Y£L£5 and press P which will reveal the delay time in the selected format with the most significant digit flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted by pressing the or button followed by the button to transfer control to the next digit. When set as required, enter the selection and return to the r5½ dELR prompt in the sub-menu by operating the button.

Can also be adjusted from Timer display mode, see 5.5.16.

5.5.16 Adjusting the set time SEŁ Ł and restart delay rSŁ dELR from the display mode: RESEŁ Ł

When this function is enabled the Timer's set time 5££ £ and restart delay r5£ d££R can be adjusted from the display mode by simultaneously operating the P and P push buttons. Thus allowing an operator to adjust these parameters without having access to the instrument's configuration menu. The function contains two sub-functions, Enb£ which activates the function and R££d which defines a separate code for access to 5££ £ with the Timer in the display mode.

To check or change the function, select RESEEE in the configuration menu and press P which will reveal the EnbL prompt, pressing P again will show if the function is P or P. If adjustment of the set time from the display mode is not required press the P or P button to select P and then press P wice to return to the configuration menu. If the function is required, select P and press P to return to the P prompt from which P and P which allows a separate access code to be entered, can be selected by pressing the P or P button.

Access to 5EŁŁ from the display mode may be protected by a four digit alphanumeric security code which must be entered to gain access. Default security code DDD allows unrestricted access. With REEd displayed, press P to enter a new access code. The Timer will display DDDD with one digit flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted using the or push button, when set as required operating the button will transfer control to the next digit. When all the digits have been entered press twice to return to the RESEŁŁ prompt in the configuration menu. The revised access code will be activated when the BA578E is returned to the display mode.

Please contact BEKA associates sales department if the access code is lost.

5.5.17 Direction of count: uP or do

The Timer may be configured to time-up from zero to the set time 5EŁŁ while displaying elapsed time, or to time-down from the set time 5EŁŁ to zero while displaying the remaining time.

When the repeat timing cycle function <code>[YELE5</code> is enabled, it is recommended that a down count is selected so that the progress of the timer can be observed with a known completion time i.e. zero. If set as an up counter, elapsed time will be displayed, but the set time <code>SEE E</code> at which the timer will stop is not shown.

To check the direction of count, select ${}_{\mathbf{u}}P$ ${}_{\mathbf{o}}r$ ${}_{\mathbf{d}}n$ from the configuration menu and press \mathbf{P} which will reveal the existing setting. This can be changed by pressing the \mathbf{A} or \mathbf{V} button followed by the \mathbf{E} button to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu.

5.5.18 Power Fail: P-FR, L

Defines how the Timer powers-up and functions when power is restored after a power supply interruption. Three options are available, JdLE, PBu5E and Each out.

The Timer is stopped in the state it achieves when it has timed-up to 5EE E or timed-down to zero, with the elapsed or remaining time when power was lost shown on the upper display. The Timer must be reset before it can be restarted. If the repeat timing cycle is in use the number of cycles completed will be lost when the Timer is reset.

The Timer is stopped in the state it achieves following receipt of a stop input to pause timing – see Fig 9. The elapsed or remaining time when power was lost is shown on the upper display. Timing resumes when a start instruction is received. If a start input exists when power is restored timing will start immediately.

EartinuE When power is restored the Timer will continue from where it stopped without any manual intervention.

To check or change the function, select P-FR, L from the configuration menu and press P which will reveal the existing setting which can be changed by pressing the A or P button followed by the P button to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu.

5.5.19 Local reset: LoC r 5EŁ

The Local reset function contains two separate subfunctions <code>rE5EE.EnbL</code> and <code>GLr</code> <code>GEoE</code> which when enabled allow the Timer and the grand total to be reset via the instrument's front panel push buttons while the Timer is in the display mode.

5.5.20 Local total reset: rESEL.Enbl.

rESEL.EnbL is a sub-function in the LoC rSEL function which when activated allows an operator to reset the Timer from the display mode by operating the and push buttons simultaneously for more than three seconds.

To check or change the local total reset select <code>LoEr5EE</code> in the configuration menu and press <code>P</code> which will reveal the <code>rE5EE.EnbL</code> prompt, press <code>P</code> again to show if the local total reset is <code>on</code> or <code>oFF</code>. If set as required operate the <code>E</code> button twice to return to the configuration menu, or the <code>A</code> or <code>V</code> button to change the setting followed by the <code>E</code> button twice to enter the change and return to the <code>LoE.r5EE</code> prompt in the configuration menu.

Note:

The Timer may also be reset remotely by connecting terminals RS1 and RS2 together. See section 2.3

5.5.21 Local grand total reset: [Lr [hot

The grand total is the total run-time of the Timer that may be viewed by operating the

and

push puttons simultaneously in the display mode. When activated

Lr

but allows an operator to reset the grand total display to zero from the display mode by operating the

and

push buttons simultaneously for more than ten seconds.

ELr LLb is a sub-function in the Lol r5EL menu. To check or change the setting select Lol r5EL in the configuration menu and press P which will reveal rE5EL.Enbl. Using the vor button select Llr LLb and press P to show if local grand total reset is on or off. If set as required operate the button twice to return to the configuration menu, or the vor button twice to change the setting followed by the button twice to enter the change and return to the Lol r5EL prompt in the configuration menu.

5.5.22 External reset

The Timer may be reset by connecting terminals RS1 and RS2 together. This function defines how long the connection must exist before resetting occurs. When resetting is performed by a manually operated external push button switch, 5½ should be chosen. This requires the contact to be closed for one second before resetting occurs which prevents false resetting.

If the Timer is being reset by the a control output or similar apparatus FRSŁ should be selected.

Select	Resetting time
5E4	1s
FRSŁ	2ms

5.5.23 Status output: 5LAL of

The status output of the Timer is an opto isolated open collector that can be used for transmitting the status of the Timer to other instruments. It may also be used for simple control applications. When the Status output is *on* the RTx annunciator on the Timer display is activated.

The status output function contains four subfunctions, EnbL, 5ERE an, 5ERE ar, 5ERE are FF and 5ERE derived in the gain access to the sub-menu select 5ERE are in the configuration menu and press P which will show the EnbL prompt from which the other sub-functions can be accessed using the \P or \clubsuit button.

The status output may be configured to turn on when the Timer enters a selected Timer state and to turn off when the Timer enters another specified Timer state. e.g. if run is selected in the 5£R£ on subfunction and donE is selected the 5£R£ oFF function. The status output will turn on when the Timer enters the run state and will stay on until the Timer enters the donE state. Alternatively, the status output phase may be reversed by selecting the n states such as n r E5££.

If the status output is required to be *on* in only one Timer state, this can be achieved with the following configuration.

SERE on state required e.g. run
SERE off n state required e.g. n run

In this example when the Timer enters the run state the status output turns on. When the Timer moves from the run to any other state, the status output turns off.

5.5.24 Status output enable: Enbl

This function allows the status output to be enabled or disabled without altering any other status output parameters. To check or change the function select <code>Enbl.</code> from the status output sub-menu and press <code>P</code> to reveal if the status output is <code>pn</code> or <code>pff</code>. The setting can be changed by pressing the <code>T</code> or <code>A</code> button followed by the <code>B</code> button to return to the status output sub-menu.

5.5.25 Status output on: 5ERE on

The status output may be configured to turn *on* when the Timer enters any one of the five Timer states. Alternatively, the status output phase may be reversed by selecting an n state. This will cause the status output to turn *on* when the Timer enters any other than the specified Timer state. Timer states are shown in Fig 9.

To define when the status output turns *on* select 5£R£ on from the sub-menu and press **P** to show the existing setting. Pressing the **T** or **A** button will scroll through the options:

Display	Status output turns <i>on</i> when Timer enters selected state
rESEŁ	Reset state
רטח	Running state
PRuSEd	Paused state
9EF B A	Restart delay state
donE	Complete state
	Status output turns <i>on</i> when Timer enters any other than the selected state
n rESEŁ	Reset state
חרשח	Running state
n PRuSEd	Paused state
u qEFBA	Restart delay state
n danE	Complete state

When the required setting has been selected press to enter the selection and return to the status output sub-menu.

5.5.26 Status output off: 5ERE off

The status output may be configured to turn *off* when the Timer enters any one of the five Timer states. Alternatively, the status output phase may be reversed by selecting an a state. This will cause the status output to turn *off* when the Timer enters any other than the specified Timer state. Timer states are shown in Fig 9.

To define when the status output is *off* select 5ŁRŁ pFF from the sub-menu and press P to show the existing setting. Pressing the vor button will scroll through the options:

Display	Status output turns off when Timer enters selected state
rESEŁ	Reset state
רטח	Running state
PRUSEd	Paused state
GELUA	Restart delay state
donE	Complete state
	Status output turns off when Timer enters any other than the selected state
n rESEŁ	when Timer enters any other than
n rESEŁ	when Timer enters any other than the selected state
	when Timer enters any other than the selected state Reset state
ערחע	when Timer enters any other than the selected state Reset state Running state

When the required setting has been selected press to enter the selection and return to the status output sub-menu.

5.5.27 Status output on delay time: 5LAL dELA

The status output may be delayed from turning on for a fixed time following the selected condition occurring. e.g. when the timer enters the *Run* state. This delay is useful for many control applications, for example when the status output is connected to the reset terminals RS1 and RS2 to automatically reset the BA578E Timer.

This delay can be adjusted in 1 second increments up to 32,400 seconds, which is 9 hours. If a delay is not required zero should be entered. To adjust the delay select 5£R£.d£LR from the status output submenu and press P which will reveal the existing delay time with one digit flashing. The flashing digit can be adjusted using the v or button and the button to move to the next digit. When the required delay has been entered, press to return to the status output sub-menu.

5.5.28 Control output 1 (optional): P

Control output 1 is an optional factory fitted, galvanically isolated solid state switch contact which can be configured to turn *on* and *off* when the Timer enters specified states. When control output 1 is *on* the '1' annunciator on the Timer display is activated.

The function contains four sub-functions, EnbL, oP!on, oP!oFF and oP!dELR. To gain access to the sub-menu select oP! in the configuration menu and press \bullet which will show the EnbL prompt from which the other sub-functions can be accessed using the \bullet or \bullet button.

Control output 1 may be configured to turn on when the Timer enters a selected Timer state and to turn off when the Timer enters another specified Timer state. e.g. if run is selected in the aPtan subfunction and danE is selected the aPtaFF function. Control output 1 will turn on when the Timer enters the run state and will stay on until the Timer enters the danE state. Alternatively, the control output phase may be reversed by selecting the n states such as n rESEE.

If control output 1 is required to be on in only one Timer state, this can be achieved with the following configuration.

oPloFF state required e.g. run

In this example when the Timer enters the run state control output 1 turns on. When the Timer moves from the run to any other state, control output 1 turns off

The Timer configuration example in section 6.2 of this manual illustrate the use of the control outputs. Further examples can be found in Application Guide AG374 which is available on the BEKA website.

5.5.29 Control output 1 enable: Enbl

This function allows control output 1 to be enabled or disabled without altering any other control output parameters. To check or change the function select <code>EnbL</code> from the control output 1 sub-menu and press <code>P</code> to reveal if control output 1 is <code>pn</code> or <code>pff</code>. The setting can be changed by pressing the <code>v</code> or <code>button</code> followed by the <code>E</code> button to return to the control output 1 output sub-menu.

5.5.30 Control output 1 on: aPl an

Control output 1 may be configured to turn *on* when the Timer enters in any one of the five Timer states. Alternatively, the control output 1 phase may be reversed, by selecting an n state which will cause the control output to turn *on* when the Timer enters any other than the specified Timer state. Timer states are shown in Fig 9.

To define when control output 1 turns *on* select ${}_{\square}P \upharpoonright_{\square}n$ from the sub-menu and press ${}_{\square}P$ to show the existing setting. Pressing the ${}_{\square}P$ or ${}_{\square}P$ button will scroll through the options:

Display	Control output 1 turns on when Timer enters selected state
rESEŁ	Reset state
רטח	Running state
PRuSEd	Paused state
9EF B A	Restart delay state
donE	Complete state
	Control output 1 turns <i>on</i> when Timer enters any other than the selected state
n rESEŁ	when Timer enters any other than
n rESEE	when Timer enters any other than the selected state
	when Timer enters any other than the selected state Reset state
ט נחט	when Timer enters any other than the selected state Reset state Running state

When the required setting has been selected press to enter the selection and return to the status output sub-menu.

5.5.31 Control output 1 off: P | pFF

Control output 1 may be configured to turn *off* when the Timer enters any one of the five Timer states. Alternatively, the phase of control output 1 may be reversed, by selecting an a state which will cause the control output to turn *off* when the Timer enters any other than the specified Timer state. Timer states are shown in Fig 9.

To define when control output 1 turns *off* select ${}_{\mathsf{D}}\mathsf{P} + {}_{\mathsf{D}}\mathsf{F}\mathsf{F}$ from the sub-menu and press ${}^{\mathbf{P}}$ to show the existing setting. Pressing the ${}^{\mathbf{T}}$ or ${}^{\mathbf{L}}$ button will scroll through the options:

Display	Control output 1 turns off when Timer enters selected state
rESEŁ	Reset state
רטח	Running state
PRUSEd	Paused state
9EF B A	Restart delay state
donE	Complete state
	Control output 1 turns off when Timer enters any other than the selected state
n rESEŁ	when Timer enters any other than
n rESEL	when Timer enters any other than the selected state
	when Timer enters any other than the selected state Reset state
ט נחט	when Timer enters any other than the selected state Reset state Running state

When the required setting has been selected press to enter the selection and return to the control output 1 sub-menu.

5.5.32 Control output 1 on delay time: aP | dELR

Control output 1 may be delayed from turning an (output closed) for a fixed time following the selected condition occurring. e.g. when the Timer enters the run state. This delay is useful for many control applications, for example when the control output is connected to the reset terminals RS1 and RS2 to automatically reset the BA578E Timer.

The delay can be adjusted in 1 second increments up to 32,400 seconds, which is 9 hours. If a delay is not required zero should be entered. To adjust the delay select op 1 dELR from the control output 1 submenu and press p which will reveal the existing delay time with one digit flashing. The flashing digit can be adjusted using the row button and the button to move to the next digit. When the required delay has been entered, press to return to the control output 1 output sub-menu.

6.5.33 Control output 2 (optional): □P2

Control output 2 is an optional, galvanically isolated solid state switch contact which can be independently configured to turn on and off when the Timer is any of it's five states. It's functions and configuration are identical to control output 1 described in sections 5.5.28 to 5.5.32. When control output 2 is on the '2' display annunciator is activated.

5.5.34 Reset grand total from within the configuration menu: [Lr [Lo]]

The grand total is the total run-time of the Timer that may be viewed by operating the 🗈 and 📤 push buttons simultaneously in the display mode.

The grand total can be reset to zero from within the configuration menu using this <code>[Lr Gbab</code> function, or from the display mode if <code>[Lr Gbab</code> is activated in the local grand total clear function - see 5.5.21

To zero the Timer grand total from within the configuration menu select <code>[Lr Glab and press]</code> which will cause the instrument to display <code>[Lr.no</code> with <code>no</code> flashing. Operate the <code>Tor ample push button until <code>[Lr.yes]</code> is displayed and then press <code>P</code> which will result in a <code>DDDD</code> prompt being displayed with the first digit flashing. This is a request for the instruction to be confirmed by entering <code>Sur E</code> using the <code>Tor ample sur mode.</code> or <code>Dot ample sur mode.</code> will then reset the grand total to zero and return the Timer to the configuration menu.</code>

Note:

Once reset, the grand total can not be recovered.

5.5.35 Security code: LodE

Access to the instrument configuration menu may be protected by a four digit alphanumeric security code which must be entered to gain access. New instruments are configured with the default security code DDDD which allows unrestricted access to all configuration functions.

To enter a new security code select <code>LodE</code> from the configuration menu and press <code>P</code> which will cause the Timer to display <code>DDD</code> with one digit flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted using the <code>A</code> or <code>T</code> push button, when set as required operating the <code>P</code> button will transfer control to the next digit. When the new security code has been entered press <code>E</code> to return to the <code>LodE</code> prompt. The revised security code will be activated when the Timer is returned to the display mode.

Please contact BEKA associates sales department if the security code is lost.

5.5.36 Reset configuration to factory defaults

When the BA578E is configured as a Timer this function resets the instrument to the Timer factory defaults shown in section 5.5.

To reset the configuration select <code>r5EE dEF</code> from the configuration menu and press <code>P</code>. The BA578E will display <code>BBBB</code> with the first digit flashing which is a request to confirm the instruction by entering <code>5urE</code>. Using the <code>A</code> or <code>T</code> button set the first flashing digit to <code>5</code> and press <code>P</code> to transfer control to the second digit which should be set to <code>u</code>. When <code>5urE</code> has been entered pressing the <code>E</code> button will reset all the configuration functions and return the instrument to the display mode.

Note:

r5Et dEF does not reset the grand total to zero.

6. TIMER APPLICATION EXAMPLES

This section illustrates two applications for the BA578E when configured as a Timer.

6.1 Measuring the time that a contact is closed.

In this example a BA578E is required to display the time that a process area contact is closed. The display is required in hours and minutes and is to be reset to zero by an exterior push button, not by the instrument front panel push buttons. The operator is required to zero the grand total by operating the F buttons simultaneously. No security codes are required to protect access to the configuration menu or to the grand total reset.

Figure 11 shows the BA578E connections. This example illustrates how the Timer may be started and stopped by one input, the second input is not used in this application.

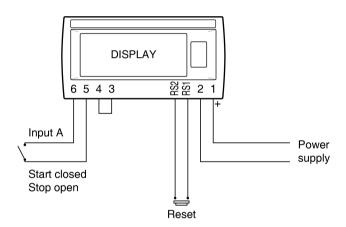


Fig 11 Starting & stopping timer with one input

The required instrument configurations for this example are shown below.

Function	Display	Setting
Access code	CodE	0000
Function	Fun[tion	ELAPSE
Input A	, ռՔսԷ-Զ	[ontACt
De-bounce Input A	dEponu[E	dEFRuLŁ
Display 2	d, 5P-2	oFF
Start stop	SŁArSŁoP	[ontrol4
Units	טחי 24	12:00
Set time	SEŁ Ł	9999:59:59
Local total reset	rESE Enbl	oFF
Local grand total reset	[Lr Gtot	٥٥

6.2 Controlling a solenoid valve

This example illustrates how a BA578E Timer can open a solenoid valve for 5 minutes each time a start button is operated. The operator needs to pause the process without affecting the total time that the valve is open. At the end of the process the Timer is required to automatically reset within 10 seconds ready for the next timing cycle to be started.

For this application the BA578E Timer requires dual control outputs which are a factory fitted option and should be specified when the instrument is ordered.

Control output 1 is used to switch the intrinsically safe solenoid valve, and control output 2 is wired to the Timer's reset terminals to perform the automatic resetting at the end of the timing cycle, see Fig 12.

The Timer is configured to perform one timing cycle <code>LYCL Ent</code> with a restart delay <code>r5t dELR</code> of 5s and Set time <code>5Et t</code> is adjusted to 5 minutes the required time that that the valve is to be open.

Control outputs are configured so that control output one is only closed when the timer is in the *Run* state. Control output 2 is configured to only close when the Timer is in the *Done* state which occurs after it has been in the Restart-delay state for 5 seconds. The sequence of events is shown in Fig 12 and the Timer's configuration at the end of this section.

This valve opening process is to be linked to other processes, therefore the status output is required to indicate when the 5 minute valve open period has been completed and when the Timer has been reset and is ready for the next cycle.

When the start button is operated the Timer enters the *Running* state and control output 1 closes for 5 minutes opening the solenoid valve. At the end of the 5 minute period control output 1 opens which closes the solenoid valve and the Timer enters the *Restart-delay* state for 5 seconds followed by the *Done* state. Control output 2 is configured to close when the Timer is in the *Done* state. Control output 2 is externally connected to the Timer's reset terminals which causes the Timer to automatically reset ready to start another cycle when the start button is operated.

If at any time during the cycle the stop button is operated the Timer will enter the Pause state which will stop the process until the start button is operated when it will resume without shortening the total valve open time.

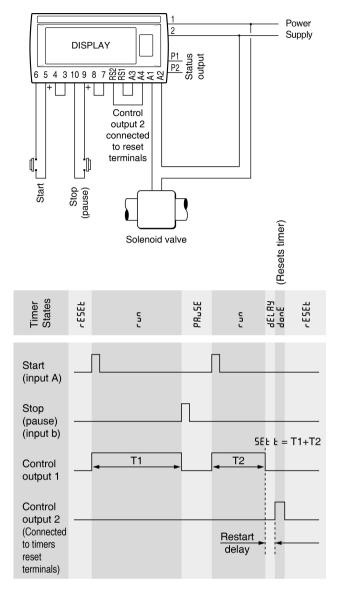


Fig 12 Control of valve in a process area.

The required instrument configurations for this example are shown below.

Function Di	splay Setting
Access code Function Input A Input b	odE 0000 inCt, on ELAPSE iPut-A ContACt iPut-b ContACt ibounCE dEFAult
Start stop 55 Units ur	SP-2 Std :ArStoP Control 2 : tS 12:00:00 : t t 00:05:00
Enable repeat cycle Cycle count Reset delay Access set time from display mode.	ICLES NBL on ICL Cnt OI ICL Cnt OOOOOS ISEt - t off
Local total reset rE Local grand total reset EL	FR.L , dLE SEELENBL on .r GŁoŁ oFF rSEŁ FRSŁ
Control output 1 on at Control output 1 off at	obl on Plon run PloFF nrun PldELA 00000
Control output 2 on at Control output 2 off at	obl on 12 on done 12 off n done 12 dELA 00005
Status output on at 55 Status output off at 55	on At on reset At off nreset AtdelA 00000

In this example local total reset <code>rE5Et.Enbl</code> is <code>on</code>. This enables the Timer to be reset when power is first connected by operating the extstyle extsty

7. MAINTENANCE when configured as a Timer

7.1 Fault finding during commissioning

If a BA578E fails to function as a Timer during commissioning the following procedure should be followed:

Symptom	Cause	Check:
No display	No power supply, or incorrect wiring. Note: Terminals 2, 6, 10 & RS2 are interconnected within the instrument.	That there is between 10 and 30V on terminals 1 & 2 with terminal 1 positive.
Instrument configuration menu does not correspond with Timer section of this manual.	BA578E may be configured as a clock.	That Function in configuration menu is set to ELAP5E not to CLaC.
Timer will not start.	Timer not reset	Reset timer via external contact or by operating and buttons simultaneously if the local total reset r5Et Enbl function has been activated.
	Set time 5EŁ Ł has not been entered.	Enter time other than zero for 5EŁ Ł.
Timer will not respond to sensor inputs.	Input A and/or Input b incorrectly configured, or sensor incorrectly connected.	nPut R and nPut b configuration and that input energising link(s) are correctly fitted for selected sensors.
Control output(s) do not function.	Control outputs have not been enabled.	Enable Control Output(s) in the configuration menu.
Unable to enter configuration menu.	Incorrect security code	That the correct security code is being used.
		Contact BEKA if code is lost.

7.2 Fault finding after commissioning

ENSURE PLANT SAFETY BEFORE STARTING MAINTENANCE

If a BA578E fails after it has been functioning correctly, the following table may help to identify the cause of the failure.

Symptom	Cause	Check:
No display	No power supply	That there is between 10 and 30V on terminals 1 & 2 with terminal 1 positive.
Timer will not start.	Timer not reset	Reset timer via external contact or by operating and buttons simultaneously if local total reset reset. Each has been activated.
Control output(s) do not function.	Control Outputs have not been enabled.	Enable Control Output(s) in the configuration menu.
Unable to enter configuration menu.	Incorrect security code	That the correct security code is being used. Contact BEKA if code is lost.

If this procedure does not reveal the cause of the fault, it is recommended that the instrument is replaced.

Note:

If configuration changes are made to any of the following functions the Timer will be forced into a fail safe idle condition. This stops the Timer in the state it achieves when it has timed-up to 5EL L or timed-down to DDDD. The Timer must be reset before it can be restarted.

inPut R, inPut b, StArtStoP, [YCLES, uP or dn, oP and oP2.

7.3 Servicing

We recommend that faulty BA578E Timers are returned to BEKA associates or to our local agent for repair. It is helpful if a brief description of the fault symptoms is provided.

7.4 Routine maintenance

The mechanical and electrical condition of the instrument should be regularly checked. Inspection frequency should be chosen to suit the environmental conditions.

7.5 Guarantee

Instruments which fail within the guarantee period should be returned to BEKA associates or our local agent. It is helpful if a brief description of the fault symptoms is provided.

7.6 Customer comments

BEKA is always pleased to receive comments from customers about our products and services. All communications are acknowledged and whenever possible, suggestions are implemented.

8. OPERATION AS A CLOCK

When configured as a clock the BA578E can display local time in a variety of twelve or twenty four hour formats. The displayed time can be adjusted via the front panel push buttons which may be protected by a user definable four digit security code to prevent unauthorised or accidental adjustment.

The clock may be synchronised to an external time standard via the instrument's reset terminals. When these two terminals are connected together by an external switch contact, the clock display will be reset to a preconfigured time and will resume running from this time when the contacts are opened.

The optically isolated status open collector output can be used to monitor the clock or to perform simple control functions.

When fitted with the optional galvanically isolated control outputs the clock can be configured to turn each solid state output *on* and *off* twice during each twenty four hour period.

Fig 13 shows a simplified block diagram of the BA578E configured as a clock.

The instrument can be supplied with the following factory fitted accessories:

Backlight Internally powered

Dual isolated control outputs

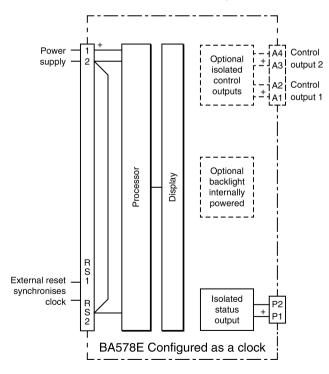


Fig 13 BA578E block diagram with clock configuration.

8.1 Initialisation and loss of power

Each time power is applied to a BA578E initialisation is performed. After a short delay the following display sequence occurs:

All segments of the display are activated

Instrument starts functioning, using the configuration information stored in the instrument's permanent memory.

Following initialisation, the instrument will have a flashing display which is a request for the local time to be entered. The clock will not start to function until a display time has been entered, or the remote reset contacts are closed and opened to synchronise the clock to a preconfigured time.

If during normal operation the power supply is interrupted for more than 30ms, the display will return to the flashing condition and the display time will have to be re-entered. This time may be increased by powering the Clock from a lightly loaded instrument supply with large output capacitance.

8.2 Controls when configured as a clock

The BA578E clock is configured and adjusted via four front panel push buttons. In the display mode i.e. when the instrument is displaying time, the push button functions are:

Push Button Functions

▶ + ▼ Shows firmware version

P + **E** Access to configuration menu

Note: When optional control outputs are fitted, the BA578E clock may be configured to provide direct access to the control outputs from the display mode when the P and P push buttons are operated simultaneously. - see section 8.4.16

8.3 Displays when configured as a clock

The BA578E clock has a single digital display plus annunciators.

Time display

Reset annunciator

Status output annunciator

Shows time in selected 12 or 24 hour format.

Activated while clock is being synchronised and external reset contacts are closed.

RTx shown while status output is activated.

Control output

Show status of both optional

control outputs.

annunciators

8.4 Configration as a Clock

The BA578E is configured and calibrated via four front panel push buttons. All the configuration functions are contained in an easy to use intuitive menu that is shown diagrammatically in Fig 14.

Each menu function is summarised in section 8.4.2 of this manual and each includes a reference to more detailed information.

All new BA578E instruments are supplied configured as requested at the time of ordering. If configuration is not requested, the BA578E will be supplied with default Timer configuration as shown in section 5.5.

If a BA578E Clock is requested without detailed configuration information, the instrument will supplied with default Clock configuration as shown below, but can easily be re-configured on-site.

Function Access code Function Display Set display time Syncronise time Enable status output	Display Code FunCtion di SPLRY SEL SYnC t EnbL	Default 0000 CLoC 12:00 R 12:00:00 R 12:00:00
Enable control output 1* Enable control output 2* Enable access alarm times from display mode. Access code for alarm times from display mode.	Enbl Enbl RCSP RCCd	off off off

Note: * Control outputs are a factory fitted option.

8.4.1 Accessing configuration functions

Access to the configuration menu is obtained by the P and E push simultaneously. If the instrument is not protected by an access security code the first parameter FunEtian will be displayed. If a security code other than the default code 0000 has already been entered, the instrument will display LodE. Press P to clear this prompt and enter the security code for the instrument using the lacktriangle or lacktriangle push button to adjust the flashing digit, and the P push button to transfer control to the next digit. If the correct code has been entered pressing **E** will cause the first parameter FunEti on to be displayed. If an incorrect code is entered, or a push button is not operated within ten seconds, the instrument will automatically return to the display mode.

All configuration functions and prompts are shown on the upper eight digit display.

When returning to the display mode following reconfiguration, the Clock will display dRER followed by SRUE while the new information is stored in permanent memory.

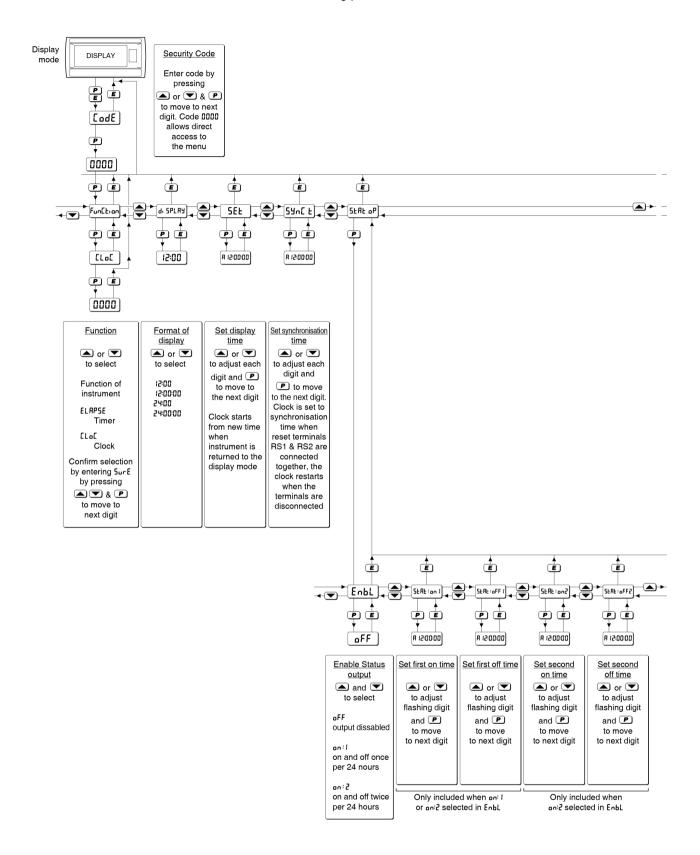
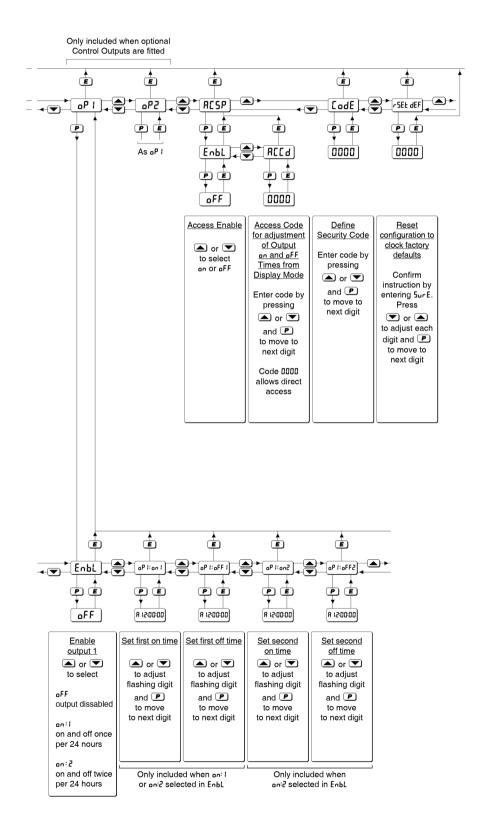


Fig 14 Clock Configuration menu



8.4.2 Summary of Clock configuration functions.

This section summarises all the Clock configuration functions. When read in conjunction with Fig 14 it provides a quick aid for configuring the Clock. If more detail is required, each section of this summary contains a reference to a full description of the function.

Display Summary of function

Fun[t] on Instrument function

Defines the function of the instrument.

May be set to:

ELAPSE Timer Clock

All the entries in this Clock configuration summary assume that the BA578E is configured as a Clock by selecting [Lo[.

See section 8.4.3

d₁ 5PLAY Display format

Defines the clock display format, four alternatives are available.

Select:

12:00 Twelve hours without seconds
12:00:00 Twelve hours with seconds
24:00 Twenty four hours without

seconds

24:00:00 Twenty four hours with seconds See section 8.4.4

Set clock display time

Enables the clock displayed time to be adjusted, the clock resumes operation when the instrument is returned to the display mode.

See section 8.4.5

54nE E Synchronising time

Defines the time to which the clock display is set when the reset terminals RS1 and RS2 are connected together. The Clock restarts from the synchronising time when terminals RS1 and RS2 are disconnected.

See section 8.4.6

Display Summary of function

5ERE oP Status output

Status output can turn *on* (open collector on) and *off* (open collector off) once or twice in each twenty-four hour period. This function contains five sub-function:

EnbL Enables Status output and defines if it turns *on* and *off* once or twice in each 24 hours.

SERE: an I Time when oP 1 turns on 1st time
SERE: aFF I Time when oP 1 turns off 1st time
SERE: an 2 Time when oP 1 turns on 2nd time
Time when oP 1 turns on 2nd time
Time when oP 1 turns off 2nd time

Note: Output is an optically isolated

open collector.
See sections 8.4.7 to 8.4.9

□P | Control output 1 (Optional)

Control output 1 can turn *on* (output closed) and *off* (output open) once or twice in each twenty-four hour period. This function contains five subfunction:

Enables output 1 and defines if it turns on and off once or twice

it turns on and off once or twice in each 24 hours

in each 24 hours.

aP !: an ! Time when oP 1 turns on 1st time aP !: aFF ! Time when oP 1 turns off 1st time aP !: ar 2 Time when oP 1 turns on 2nd time aP !: aFF 2 Time when oP 1 turns off 2nd time

See sections 8.4.10 to 8.4.12

□P2 Control output 2 (Optional)

As control output 1 described above. See section 8.4.13 to 8.4.15

Access control output alarm-times from display mode.

Contains two sub-functions. Endl. which when activated allows the control output times to be adjusted from the display mode (displaying time). The second sub-function REEd defines a four digit alphanumeric access code which may be used to protect access to the control output times from the display mode. Default code 0000 disables this security feature and allows unrestricted access.

See section 8.4.16

Display Summary of function

EndE Security code

Defines a four digit alphanumeric code that may be used to protect access to the Clock configuration menu. Default code DDD disables this security function and allows unrestricted access to all configuration functions when the P and E buttons are operated simultaneously in the display mode.

See section 8.4.17

r5EL dEF Reset to factory defaults

Resets the BA578E to the Clock factory default configuration shown in section 8.4 Instruction confirmed by entering 5_{u.f.}E.

See section 8.4.18

8.4.3 Instrument function: דעה[בי מה

The BA578E may be configured as a Timer or as a Clock. This section of the instruction manual describes the Clock, for details of Timer configuration see section 5.4.

To reveal the existing function of the instrument select FunEtian from the configuration menu and press P. If [Lo[is displayed, the instrument is already configured as a Clock therefore press **E** to return to the Function prompt in the configuration menu. If ELRPSE is displayed, press the
or button to change the setting to [Lo[followed by the ▶ button which will result in a \$\textit{0000} prompt being displayed with the first digit flashing. This is a request for the instruction to be confirmed by entering Sur E using the
or
button to adjust the flashing digit and the P button to move control to When Sur E has been entered, the next digit. pressing **E** will change the instrument to a Clock and return the instrument to the display mode. To configure the Clock enter the configuration menu by pressing the P and E buttons simultaneously until FunEt, on is displayed.

8.4.4 Display format: d. SPLRY

The BA578E Clock may be configured to display time in a 12 or 24 hour format with or without seconds. When a 12 hour format is selected, AM is denoted by an R prefix at the left hand side of the display, similarly a P is displayed to denote PM.

To check or change the display format of the Clock, select do SPLRY from the configuration menu and press P which will reveal the existing setting which can be changed by pressing the or vote button followed by the button to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu. The options available are shown below:

15 : 00	Twelve hour format without seconds
15 : 00 : 00	Twelve hour format with seconds
24:00	Twenty four hour format without seconds
24:00:00	Twenty four hour format with seconds

8.4.5 Set clock display time: 5EŁ

This function sets the time displayed by the Clock which must be entered each time the BA578E Clock is powered. Until a set time is entered the Clock will display a flashing \$\mathbb{O} : \mathbb{O} :

To adjust the clock set time, select 5££ from the configuration menu and press that will show that will show the clock display time seconds are always shown. Using the or button adjust the flashing hours and then press to transfer control to the minutes display, pressing again will transfer control to the seconds display. When adjustment is complete press to start the Clock and return to the 5££ prompt.

8.4.6 Enter synchronising time: 54n[L

When the external reset terminals RS1 and RS2 are connected together the clock is stopped and the displayed time is set to the synchronising time. When the connection between the reset terminals is removed, the clock restarts from the synchronising time.

To enter the synchronising time, select 54nt be from the configuration menu and press per which will reveal the existing synchronising time with the hours flashing. Using the or button adjust the hours and then press to transfer control to the minutes display, pressing per again will transfer control to the seconds display. When the synchronising time has been set as required, press to return to the configuration menu.

8.4.7 Status output: 5ERL oP

The status output is an optically isolated open collector that can be used for transmitting the status of the Clock to other instruments. It may also be used for simple control applications. Status *on* is indicated by the RTx front panel display annunciator. The function contains five sub-functions allowing the Status output open collector to be turned *on* and *off* once or twice in each twenty four hour period.

EnbL	Number of times status output	
	turns on & off in 24 hours.	
SERE:on 1	First time Status oP turns on	
SERE:oFF 1	First time Status oP turns off	
SERE: on 2	Second time Status oP turns on	
SERE: OFF 2	Second time Status oP turns off	

To check or change the function of the status output select 5£R£ aP from the configuration menu and press P which will reveal the first sub-function EnbL.

8.4.8 Enable Status output: Enbl

This is a sub-function in the Status output function 5ŁRŁ which allows the status output open collector to be enabled or disabled without changing any of the on or off times and also determines whether the status output turns on and off once or twice in each twenty four hour period.

Select 5£ \$\mathbb{E}\$ in the configuration menu and press \$\mathbb{P}\$ which will result in the \$\mathbb{E}_n\mathbb{E}\$ prompt being displayed. Pressing \$\mathbb{P}\$ again will enter the sub-function from which one of the three options may be selected using the \$\mathbb{A}\$ or \$\mathbb{T}\$ button:

Display	Status output		
oFF	Status output disabled		
on: l	Turns on & off once per 24 hours		
on:2	Turns on & off twice per 24 hours		

When the required option is displayed operating **E** will enter the selection and return to the EnbL prompt from which another sub-function may be selected.

8.4.9 On and off times: 5ERE:on 1; 5ERE:oFF 1 5ERE:on 2: 5ERE:oFF 2

The status output will have one or two *on* and *off* times depending upon whether it has been configured to turn *on* and *off* once or twice in each 24 hour period. - see 8.4.8.

All of the times are adjusted in the same way. To adjust any of them select 5£R£ oP from the configuration menu and press P which will result in the EnbL prompt being displayed. The or button will scroll through the sub-functions. Only 5£R£on! and 5£R£oFF! will be present if the status output has been configured to switch on and off once in a 24 hour period in the EnbL sub-function.

Select the required sub-function

SERE:on 1	Time status output turns on first time		
SERE:oFF I	Time status output turns off first time		
SERE:on 2	Time status output turns on second time		
SERE:oFF2	Time status output turns off second time		

When selected, pressing P will show the existing time with the hours flashing. Using the or button adjust the hours and then press P to transfer control to the minutes display, pressing P again will transfer control to the seconds display. When the time has been set as required press to return to the sub-menu from which another on / off time may be selected for adjustment. When all the on / off times have been entered, return to the configuration menu by pressing the button twice.

8.4.10 Control output 1: oP1

Control output 1 is an optional factory fitted galvanically isolated solid state switch contact output which can be configured to turn *on* (output closed) and *off* (output open) twice in each twenty-four hour period. The control output status is shown by the 1 control output display annunciator.

Function op! contains a sub-menu with five subfunctions:

EnbL	Number of times output 1	
	turns on & off in 24 hours.	
oP I:on I	First time oP 1 turns on (closes)	
oP 1:oFF 1	First time oP 1 turns off (opens)	
oP 1:on 2	Second time oP 1 turns on (closes)	
oP 1:oFF2	Second time oP 1 turns off (opens)	

To check or change the function of Control output 1 select of from the configuration menu and press which will reveal the first sub-function EndL.

8.4.11 Enable Control output 1: Enbl

This is a sub-function in the Control output 1 function ${}_{0}P$! which allows output 1 to be enabled or disabled without changing any of the *on* or *off* times and also determines whether output 1 turns *on* and *off* once or twice in each twenty four hour period.

Select <code>oP!</code> in the configuration menu and press <code>P</code> which will result in the <code>Enbl</code> prompt being displayed. Pressing <code>P</code> again will enter the sub-function from which one of the three options may be selected using the <code>A</code> or <code>\emptycetattriangletattrian</code>

Display	Control output 1 Control output 1 disabled		
oFF			
on: l	Turns on & off once per 24 hours		
on:2	Turns on & off twice per 24 hours		

When the required option is displayed operating E will enter the selection and return to the EnbL prompt from which another sub-function may be selected if control output 1 has not been disabled.

8.4.12 On and off times: oP I:on I; oP I:oFF I oP I:on 2; oP I:oFF 2

The control output will have one or two *on* and *off* times depending upon whether control output 1 has been configured to turn *on* and *off* once or twice in each 24 hour period. - see 8.4.11.

All of the times are adjusted in the same way. To adjust any of them select ${}_{0}P$! from the configuration menu and press ${}_{\square}P$ which will result in the EnbL prompt being displayed. The ${}_{\square}P$ button will scroll through the sub-functions. Only ${}_{0}P$!: ${}_{\square}P$! and ${}_{0}P$!: ${}_{\square}P$! will be present if control output 1 has been configured to switch *on* and *off* once in a 24 hour period in the EnbL sub-function.

Select the required sub-function

oP I:on I	Time oP1 turns on first time
oP I:oFF I	Time oP1 turns off first time
oP Hon2	Time oP1 turns on second time
oP I:oFF2	Time oP1 turns off second time

When selected, pressing P will show the existing time with the hours flashing. Using the or button adjust the hours and then press P to transfer control to the minutes display, pressing P again will transfer control to the seconds display. When the time has been set as required press to return to the sub-menu from which another on / off time may be selected for adjustment. When all the on / off times have been entered, return to the configuration menu by pressing the button twice.

8.4.13 Control output 2: oP2

Control output 2 is an optional factory fitted output which can be configured to turn *on* (output closed) and *off* (output open) twice in each twenty-four hour period. The control output status is shown by the 2 control output display annunciator.

Function oP2 contains a sub-menu with five subfunctions:

EnbL	Number of times output 2	
	turns on & off in 24 hours.	
oP 2:on 1	First time when oP 2 turns on (closes)	
oP 2:oFF 1	First time when oP 2 turns off (opens)	
oP 2:on 2	Second time when oP 2 turns on (closes)	
oP 2:oFF 2	Second time when oP 2 turns off (opens)	

To check or change the function of Control output 2 select ap2 from the configuration menu and press public which will reveal the first sub-funtion EnbL.

8.4.14 Enable control output 2: Enbl.

This is a sub-function in the Control output 2 function ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$ which allows output 2 to be enabled or disabled without changing any of the *on* or *off* times and also determines whether output 2 turns *on* and *off* once or twice in each twenty four hour period. Select ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$? in the configuration menu and press ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$ which will result in the ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$ prompt being displayed. Pressing ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$ again will enter the sub-function from which one of the three options may be selected using the ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$ or ${}_{\mathsf{PP}}$ button:

Display	Control output 2		
oFF	Control output 2 disabled		
on: (Turns on & off once per 24 hours		
on:2	Turns on & off twice per 24 hours		

When the required option is displayed operating will enter the selection and return to the EnbL prompt from which another sub-function may be selected if control output 2 has not been disabled.

8.4.15 On and off times: aP2:an 1; aP2:aFF 1 aP2:aFF 2

The control output will have one or two *on* and *off* times depending upon whether control output 2 has been configured to turn *on* and *off* once or twice in each 24 hour period. - see 8.4.14.

All of the times are adjusted in the same way. To adjust any of them select ${}_{0}P2$ from the configuration menu and press ${}_{\square}$ which will result in the ${}_{\square}bL$ prompt being displayed. The ${}_{\square}$ or ${}_{\square}$ button will scroll through the sub-functions. Only ${}_{0}P2:{}_{\square}n$ and ${}_{0}P2:{}_{\square}F$ will be present if control output 2 has been configured to switch on and off once in a 24 hour period in the ${}_{\square}bL$ sub-function.

Select the required sub-function

oP2:on	Time oP2 turns on first time
oP2:oFF 1	Time oP2 turns off first time
oP2:on2	Time oP2 turns on second time
oP2:oFF2	Time oP2 turns off second time

When selected pressing P will show the existing time with the hours flashing. Using the or button adjust the hours and then press p to transfer control to the minutes display, pressing p again will transfer control to the seconds display. When the time has been set as required press to return to the sub-menu from which another on / off time may be selected for adjustment. When all the on / off times have been entered, return to the configuration menu by pressing the button twice.

8.4.16 Access control output on and off times from display mode: RC5P

This function activates a separate menu that provides direct access to the control output's on and off times when the Clock is is the display mode (displaying time). An operator may therefore adjust the on and off times without having access to the instrument configuration menu. Further protection is provided by a separate security code. When this function is enabled the on and off times of the two control outputs may be adjusted from the display mode by simultaneously operating the P and A push buttons. The function contains two subfunctions, EnbL which activates the function and REEd which defines a separate access code that may be used to prevent the on and off times being accidentally adjusted from the display mode.

To check or change the function, select RE5P in the configuration menu and press ${\bf P}$ which will reveal the EnbL prompt, pressing ${\bf P}$ again will show if the function is an or aFF. If adjustment of the control output times from the display mode is not required press the ${\bf A}$ or ${\bf T}$ button to select aFF and then press ${\bf E}$ twice to return to the configuration menu. If the function is required, select an and press ${\bf E}$ to return to the EnbL prompt from which REEd, which allows a separate access code to be entered, can be selected by pressing the ${\bf A}$ or ${\bf T}$ button.

Access to the control output times from the display mode may be protected by a four digit alphanumeric security code which must be entered to gain access. Default security code DDD allows unrestricted access. With REEd displayed, press P to enter a new access code. The BA578E Clock will display DDDD with one digit flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted using the or push button, when set as required operating the button will transfer control to the next digit. When all the digits have been adjusted press twice to return to the RESP prompt in the configuration menu. The revised security code will be activated when the BA578E is returned to the display mode.

8.4.17 Security code: [adE

Access to the instrument's configuration menu may be protected by a four digit alphanumeric security code which must be entered to gain access. New instruments are configured with the default security code <code>0000</code> which allows unrestricted access to all configuration functions.

To enter a new security code select <code>LodE</code> from the configuration menu and press <code>P</code> which will cause the Clock to display <code>BDDD</code> with one digit flashing. The flashing digit may be adjusted using the <code>A</code> or <code>T</code> push button, when set as required operating the <code>P</code> button will transfer control to the next digit. When all the digits have been adjusted press <code>E</code> to return to the <code>LodE</code> prompt. The revised security code will be activated when the Clock is returned to the display mode.

Please contact BEKA associates sales department if the security code is lost.

8.4.18 Reset configuration to factory defaults: r5EŁ dEF

When the BA578E is configured as a Clock, this function resets the configuration to the Clock factory defaults shown in sections 8.4 of this manual.

To reset the instrument configuration select r5Et dEF from the configuration menu and press P. The Clock will display BBBB with the first digit flashing which is a request to confirm the instruction by entering 5ur E. Using the or button set the first flashing digit to 5 and press P to transfer control to the second digit which should be set to u. When 5ur E has been entered pressing the button will reset all the configuration functions to the factory defaults and return the instrument to the display mode as a Clock with default configuration.

9. CLOCK CONFIGRATION EXAMPLE

In this example a BA578E is required to function as a Clock. Time is to be displayed in a 24 hour format including seconds. For external synchronisation the displayed time is required to change to 12:00:00 when the external reset terminals are connected together.

Both control outputs are required to close and open once in each 24 hour period. Control output 1 ($_{0}P$!) is to turn *on* (close) at $_{0}$?:

For this application the operator needs to adjust the control output *on* and *off* times from the display mode via an access code of 1111. To prevent tampering the instrument configuration menu is to be protected by security code of 1209

9.1 Configuration procedure

The BA578E may be configured as a Clock on-site without disconnection from external wiring.

Step 1 Enter the configuration menu

Enter the configuration menu by simultaneously pressing P and E. Assuming a security code has not already been entered the instrument will respond by displaying Function which is the first item in the configuration menu.

See Fig 14.

Step 2 Configure instrument as a Clock

With Function of the instrument. If <code>Ltol</code> is displayed no change is required, therefore return to the <code>Function</code> prompt by pressing the <code>E</code> button.

If £LRP5£ is displayed, press the or button to change the setting to £Lo£ followed by the button which will result in a DDD prompt being displayed with the first digit flashing. This is a request for the instruction to be confirmed by entering 5ur£ using the or button to adjust the flashing digit and the button to move control to the next digit. Pressing will then change the instrument to a Clock and return the display to Fun£Lo on in the configuration menu. See 8.4.3

Step 3 Select display format

Using the or button select do 5PLRY in the configuration menu and press which will reveal the current display format. Using the or button select 24:00:00 which is the required 24 hour format with seconds and press to enter the selection and return to the configuration menu.

Step 4 Enter the synchronisation time

Using the or button select 5 ½n [£ in the configuration menu and press to reveal the current synchronisation time with the hours flashing. Using the or push button adjust the hours to 12 and press to transfer control to the minutes. Using the or push button adjust the minutes to 00 and press to transfer control to the seconds which should be adjusted to 00, in the same way. When the seconds are set enter the selection and return to the 5 ½n [£ prompt in the configuration menu by pressing the button.

Step 5 Enable control output 1 and enter the *on* and *off* times.

Using the
or
button select of the the configuration menu and press
to reveal the Enbl prompt in the control output 1 submenu.

In this application control output 1 is required to turn on and off once every 24 hours. With Enbl displayed press P and using the or button select and followed by the button to return to the Enbl prompt.

The control outputs on time should now be entered by selecting oP : on : in the control output 1 sub-menu using the a or v button. Pressing v will reveal the existing v time which should be adjusted to v v button and the v button to transfer control to the following digits. When entered return to the oP : on : i prompt by pressing the v button.

The off time should now be entered by selecting ${}_{\circ}P$!: ${}_{\circ}FF$! from the sub-menu and adjusting the time to ${}_{\circ}B$: ${}_$

Step 6 Enable control output 2 and enter the *on* and *off* times.

Using the or button select oP2 in the configuration menu and press to reveal the EnbL prompt in the control output 2 submenu. Follow the procedure described in step 5, but set control output 2 to turn on at 18:00:00 and off at 22:30:00.

Step 7 Allow control outputs times to be adjusted from the display mode & enter separate security code.

Using the ▲ or ▼ button select RESP in the configuration menu and press P to reveal the Enbl prompt, pressing P again will show if this function is an or aFF. Using the ▲ or ▼ button select an followed by **E** to return to the Enbl prompt. A separate security code which must be entered to gain access to the alarm times in the display mode, is entered in the REEd function which may be selected by operating the
or button once. Pressing **E** will reveal the existing access code with one digit flashing. This should be changed to the required code of 1111 by adjusting the flashing digit using using the
or
button and the
button to transfer control to the next digit. When !!!! has been entered press **E** twice to return to the configuration menu. See 8.4.16

Step 8 Define the configuration menu security code.

Defining а security code prevents unauthorised access to the configuration menu. Using the lacktriangle and lacktriangle buttons select LodE from the configuration menu and press P which will reveal 0000 with the first digit flashing. This example requires the security code to be 1209, using the vand 🛋 buttons set the flashing digit to 1 and press P to transfer control to the second digit. When all have been entered press **E** to return to the main configuration menu. See 8.4.17.

Step 9 Return to the display mode

The BA578E is now configured as required for this example. Pressing the **E** button will save the configuration and return the BA578E to the display mode with all the digits flashing indicating that the set time has to be entered.

Step 10 Enter the set time

Finally the current time to be displayed by the Clock should be entered. Re-enter the configuration menu by pressing the P and **E** buttons simultaneously which will result in [odE being displayed. Pressing P will allow the access code 1209 to be entered using the or button to adjust the flashing digit and the P button to transfer control to the next digit. When all four digits have been adjusted, press P to enter the configuration menu and using the ▼ or ▲ button select 5EŁ and press **E** which will reveal DD: DD: DD with the hours flashing. Using the lacktriangle or lacktriangle button adjust the flashing hours digit and press P to transfer control to the minutes and then to the When all have been set as seconds. required, press **E** to start the clock from the entered time and return to the display mode

10. MAINTENANCE when configured as a clock

10.1 Fault finding during commissioning

If a BA578E fails to function as a Clock during commissioning the following procedure should be followed:

Symptom	Cause	Check:
No display	No power supply, or incorrect wiring. Note: Terminals 2 & RS2 are interconnected within the instrument.	That there is between 10 and 30V on terminals 1 & 2 with terminal 1 positive. That there are no connections to terminals 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10.
Configuration menu does not correspond with the Clock section of this manual.	BA578E is configured as a Timer.	That Function in configuration menu is set to [LoC not to ELRPSE.
Clock display flashes 00:00:00	Local time has not been entered.	Enter the local time in the 5EŁ function of the instrument configuration menu.
Control output(s) do not function.	Control outputs have not been enabled.	Enable Control Output(s) in the configuration menu.
Clock will not start	Reset terminals RS1 and RS2 are connected together and the Clock is continuously synchronising.	If reset annunciator on display is activated, disconnect connection between RS1 and RS2.
Unable to enter configuration menu.	Incorrect security code	That the correct security code is being used. Contact BEKA if code is lost.

10.2 Fault finding after commissioning

ENSURE PLANT SAFETY BEFORE STARTING MAINTENANCE

If a BA578E fails after it has been functioning correctly as a Clock, the following table may help to identify the cause of the failure.

Symptom	Cause	Check:
No display	No power supply	That there is between 10 and 30V on terminals 1 & 2 with terminal 1 positive.
Clock display flashes 00:00:00	Instrument power supply has been interrupted and local time has been lost.	Enter the local time in the 5EŁ function of the instrument configuration menu.
Control output(s) do not function.	Control outputs have not been enabled.	Enable Control Output(s) in the configuration menu.
Clock will not start	Reset terminals RS1 and RS2 are connected together and the Clock is continuously synchronising.	If reset annunciator on display is activated, if it is disconnect connection between RS1 and RS2.
Unable to enter configuration menu.	Incorrect security code	That the correct security code is being used.
		Contact BEKA if code is lost.

If this procedure does not reveal the cause of the fault, it is recommended that the instrument is replaced.

10.3 Servicing

We recommend that faulty BA578E Clocks are returned to BEKA associates or to our local agent for repair.

10.4 Routine maintenance

The mechanical and electrical condition of the instrument should be regularly checked. Inspection frequency should be chosen to suit the environmental conditions.

10.5 Guarantee

Instruments which fail within the guarantee period should be returned to BEKA associates or our local agent. It is helpful if a brief description of the fault symptoms is provided.

10.6 Customer comments

BEKA is always pleased to receive comments from customers about our products and services. All communications are acknowledged and whenever possible, suggestions are implemented.